



THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XVIII. No. 12

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, Aug. 21, 1930

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

United Church

Church School, 10:30 a.m.
Public Worship, 11:30 a.m.
Subject: Self-Description
Text: "If we say we have no sin, we deceive ourselves and the truth is not in us."—St. John 1:8.
Services will be conducted at—

Leland, 2:30 p.m.
Social Plains, 7:30 p.m.
If we want to be true to God, we must live close to God. You are invited to worship with us.

Rev. Geo. A. Shields,
Minister.

Report of Cream Prices

For the week ending Aug. 18, 1930, the following prices were reported paid by creameries per pound of butterfat, in several grades of cream, and at the points shown:

Galaxy Creameries, special grade, 27¢, No. 1, 25¢, No. 2, 22¢.
Minimum: Special grade, 25¢, No. 1, 23¢, No. 2, 20¢.

Hail damage is reported to have occurred at Oyen, Burdall and Mendham, on Saturday.

Coal, Wood, Contract Work or GENERAL

DRAYING

Light or Heavy Work

Transfer to and from C.P.R. Depot.

E. H. FOUNTAIN

Phone No. 9

War Veteran's

Allowance Act

Art. Wakelin, the Provincial Secretary of the Canadian Legion, B.E.S.L., in Alberta, through the courtesy of the *Empress Express*, announces the benefits of the War Veteran's Allowance Act which becomes effective on the 1st of September, 1930.

Subject to the provisions of the above Act, allowances are payable to veterans of the Great War (1914-18) who saw service in an actual theatre of war. Men who saw service in Canada or England only are not eligible unless they are pensioned or have received a final payment for a disability of 5 per cent or more, in lieu thereof.

The applicant must have attained the age of sixty years or be permanently unemployed by reason of physical and/or mental disability. The Act contains provisions as to income, restricts the amount payable to \$20.00 per month to a single man or \$10.00 a month to a married man, and requires one year's residence in Canada immediately prior to application.

In Alberta the man should apply to the Department of Pensions and National Health, either at Calgary or Edmonton, for a preliminary application form.

Any prospective applicant in doubt as to the operation of the Act can receive full information from any shorter Branch of the Legion in Alberta.

Railway sidetracks for taking out sand and gravel, have been laid this past week.

Thieves Enter Store Of F. G. Sandercock

On Wednesday night, the clothing and jewelry store of F. G. Sandercock was entered by thieves. Four wrist watches, two pairs of shoes, socks and other articles of clothing and about twenty-five dollars in cash from the safe were taken. Altogether the total loss aggregated a \$100 or more. Entry was gained through the rear door of the store. Constable Cameron has commenced investigations. But as there were east and west trains in operation it is difficult.

Migratory Birds

Convention Act

A summary of the Migratory Birds Convention Act is given below: This is the law which is based upon the Treaty with the United States. Any enquiries concerning this law may be addressed to the Commissioner, National Parks of Canada, Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

OPEN SEASON
(Both dates inclusive)
Ducks, Geese and Coots, Wilsons or Jack Snipe.
Saskatchewan—Sept. 15-Dec. 31.

Alberta—North of the Clearwater and Athabasca Rivers, Sept. 1 to Dec. 14.
South of the Clearwater and Athabasca Rivers, Sept. 15 to Dec. 14.

CLOSED SEASONS

There is a closed season in Province of Saskatchewan and Alberta on Swans, Wood Duck, Elder Duck, Canvas, Curlew, Godwits, Upland Plover, Black-bellied and Golden Plover, Greater and Lesser Yellowlegs, Avocets, Dowitchers, Knots, Oyster catchers, Phalaropes, Sifts, Surfblinds, Turnstones, and all the shore-birds not provided with an open season in above schedule.

There is a closed season throughout the year on the following non-game birds: Auk, Aukslets, Bitterns, Pelicans, Gannets, Grebes, Guillemots, Gulls, Herons, Jaegers, Loons, Murres, Petrels, Puffins, Shearwaters and Terns; and there is a close season throughout the year on the following insectivorous birds: Bobolinks, Goldfinches, Chickadees, Cuckoos, Flickers, Flycatchers, Grosbeaks, Hummingbirds, Kinglets, Martins, Meadowlarks, Nighthawks, or Bull bats, Nuthatches, Orioles, Robins, Shrikes, Swallows, Swifts, Tanagers, Titmice, Thrushes, Vireos, Warblers, Waxwings, Whip-poor-wills, Woodpeckers and Wrens, and all other perching birds which feed entirely or chiefly on insects.

No person shall kill, hunt, capture, injure, take or molest migratory birds during the closed season.

The killing, capturing, taking, injuring or molesting of migratory insectivorous and migratory non-game birds is prohibited. The possession of migratory game birds killed during the open season is allowed in Alberta until March 31, following the open season, and in Saskatchewan until the last day of February following the open season.

DAILY BAG LIMITS

Ducks and Geese—50 of all kinds in one day, but not exceeding 10 geese, and 150 of all kinds in a season, but not in excess of 30 geese. Coots, 25 and not more than 150 in a season. (cont on back page)

Successful Grade VIII. Pupils

Pupils of Grade VIII, successful in recent examinations were: Ferns Frost, Madge Frost, V. Morrison, M. MacPherson, John Turner, Katie Oreolt.

Drowns In Red Deer River

Benjamin Glyn Jones, a miner at Nacine, Alta., was drowned in the Red Deer river at that point when swimming across it. It was presumed that Jones, who was said to be a good swimmer, was exhausted on reaching the farther side, and could not find a landing place.

Castle Coombe Mission

Sunday, Aug. 21, will be the closing service of the mission, and the services will be at the usual hour.

—R. A. Cemeran, Student Missionary United Church.

A hail storm hit the Social Plains district the first of the week, and is reported as damaging a quantity of the standing crop.

Estrayed

to farm of G. G. Savin, Bindloss, N.W., age about five years, branded L on left shoulder, white strip in face, T left hind foot white.
Dated July 30, 1930.

St. Mary's Anglican Church Service

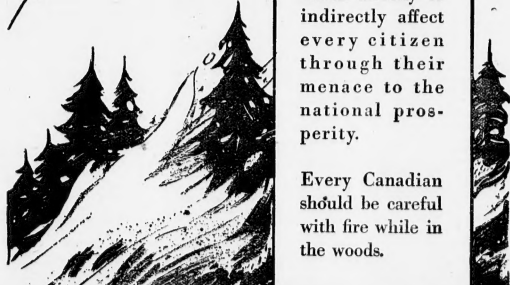
Sunday, August 24th, 1930.
Evening, 3 p.m., Cavendish.
Evening, 7:30 p.m., Empress.
L. L. Grant, Incumbent.

Dr. Caldwell was a visitor in town on Wednesday morning, in consultation with Dr. McKie. The patient was Otto Nagel, of Lander, Sask. An operation was performed on the hand of the patient, who is in a very critical condition. It is believed the seat of the poison affecting the body has now been discovered.

YOU CAN PREVENT FOREST FIRES

Check

FOREST DESTRUCTION



Canadian forest industries add five hundred million dollars annually to the national wealth. Their very existence is threatened by forest fires, which directly or indirectly affect every citizen through their menace to the national prosperity.

Every Canadian should be careful with fire while in the woods.

Save the FORESTS

Millions depend on them/
FOREST SERVICE
DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

EMPRESS THEATRE

"The DESERT RIDER"

STARRING

TIM McCOY

with Roquel Torres and
Fred. Roach

Story by Fred. Shane and Mil. Bren

Showing

August 22 and 23

We Aim To Please You

in our Service. If it's Drugs, Toilet Articles, Rubber Goods, Kodaks and Supplies, Developing, Stationery, Fresh Chocolates and Candies, Leather Goods, etc., see us for first-class drug store requirements.

Floral agents for: Salt Current, Medicine Hat, Calgary, Saskatoon, Regina and Edmonton. (See this ad's first page).

EMPRESS DRUG CO.

You can buy Salada quality at three cups for a cent



'Fresh from the gardens'

A World Subject of Discussion

The whole civilized world is discussing one subject today.—Tariffs.—And in those countries which are the more highly organized, where the standard of living is highest, where the most modern and efficient methods of production, both in agriculture and in industry, prevail, the discussion is most keen.

For over a year and a half the United States has been in the throes of a nation-wide struggle over the new Hawley-Smoot tariff, the effect of which is to raise duties against all other countries to a height never before attained.

In Great Britain, Lord Beaverbrook, supported by his fellow publisher, Lord Rothermere, is engaged in a great campaign of publicity with the object of swinging the British people into support of a new fiscal system, based on the idea of free trade within the Empire, or as near an approach to it as possible, coupled with tariffs against all foreign countries. Sir Premier Baldwin still maintains his stand in favor of what are termed "safeguarding" of industry duties, coupled with a referendum on the question of placing a tax on food supplies in order that a preference may be given to the overseas Dominion.

In France, in Germany, in Italy, and in other European countries feeling in bitterness have developed against the United States because of the higher duties that country has levied against all foreign countries. These nations, heavy debtors to the United States, feel outraged that the only means whereby they can pay their war debts to the U.S. namely, by exports to that country, is thus largely closed to them. Tariffs of reprisals in general, and in a number of instances higher tariffs have been imposed, particularly on products and manufactured goods in which the United States is a large exporter.

The Commonwealth of Australia, finding itself over-burdened with an extremely heavy national debt, and in need of larger revenues, has raised its tariff to new heights, and in regard to certain classes has entirely prohibited their importation.

In Canada, the recent Budget of Hon. C. A. Dunning, imposing counter-vailing duties on a specified list of articles against the United States, raising other duties against that country, and increasing the scope of the preference accorded to Great Britain and other parts of the Empire, is now a daily household topic all over the Dominion, and the outstanding issue in the general election campaign now in progress.

Without presumption on the part of practically all nations to erect trade barriers one against the other, and each one against all others?

Certain facts must be recognized and admitted by all. It cannot be denied that Tariffs do engender hard feelings and suspicions between nations, and when such feelings develop, no matter what the cause, there is always great danger of the ensuing bitterness becoming gradually more intense, and the opposing peoples brought to a frame of mind where they are less ready to co-operate in other matters for the common good of all. In a word, international goodwill is placed in jeopardy, and a situation created where some little spark might easily start a mighty conflagration. Another World War in fact.

But even should such a dire calamity not result, what is going to be the economic effect on the world, and on each separate nation, if one and all pursue the policy of erecting trade barriers each against the others? The logical end, of course, would be the complete cessation of all international trade. With each nation refusing to buy from other nations, or at least making it as difficult as possible to do so, it would inevitably follow that no nation could sell to any other nation, or to a very limited extent. This is a situation that must be faced, because it is looming up on the horizon in view of the economic and fiscal policies now under such discussion.

If nations decide to buy largely, or at all from other nations, it follows, we repeat, that there will be no buying nations to which other nations can sell. Will this redound to the advantage of any nation? Take the United States as an example. If it refuses to buy from others, and those others in return refuse to buy from it, will the United States be any the better off? The answer, of course, is "No." Then the inevitable result is less production, which in turn means less employment, and a consequent decrease in consumption, production, employment, buying power.

It means further that if other nations will not buy goods made in the United States, the manufacturers in that country will erect branch factories in foreign lands, and employ the people of those countries. Thus these foreign people will secure employment at the expense of the United States workers.

And if other countries follow the same policy and do likewise, how much better off will any one of them be than if they continued to raise those crops for which by nature they are best fitted to produce, or manufacture largely for world trade, and each distribute freely one to the other?

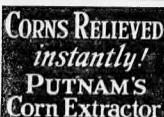
The need of the hour in all lands would appear to be sound thinking and sane consideration of basic economic principles, divorced from purely nationalistic desires and ambitions.

Keep Outdoors In Summer

Get the outdoor habit this summer. It improves both the health and the temper. Clothes can be mended on the porch, peas can be shelled and potatoes peeled out of the open air, quite as efficiently as inside. You can even take your lunch tray outside with a few extra plates and eat leisurely in the great outdoors.

Not only has King George of England sworn the same oath for many years, but it seems he hasn't had it rebeked or the band changed.

You probably think you have made your last worthless investment, but you haven't.



W. N. U. 1845

Farm Loans Act

Six Canadian Provinces Have Taken Advantage Of The Act

Six of the provinces of Canada—Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec, Manitoba, Alberta and British Columbia—have taken advantage of the Farm Loan Act of Canada, securing long term mortgage credit. At the end of March loans to the amount of \$4,351,000 had been approved. Each borrower becomes a shareholder in the company with the Canadian and Provincial Governments and receives his share of the profits. Loans are made in first mortgages on farm lands and farm buildings.

A REAL NERVE TONIC

Is a Bountiful Supply Of Rich Health-Giving Blood

Suffers from nervous debility and themselves tired, low-spirited and unable to keep their minds on anything. They are totally unfit to perform their everyday duties.

Restoring the nerves with sedatives is a terrible mistake. The only real nerve tonic is a good supply of rich, red blood. To secure this rich, red blood, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills should be taken. Enriching and purifying the blood is their whole mission. Conceiving them Mrs. M. Williams, Bancroft, Ont., writes: "Two years ago I was completely worn out in bed for seven months; extremely nervous, and I could not get on my feet. You can get these pills from any medicine shop, or from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

Saskatchewan Appointment

P. C. Ward Now Chief Clerk Of Natural Resources Department Official announcement was made recently of the appointment of P. C. Ward, Regina, as chief clerk in the Provincial Department of Natural Resources. Mr. Ward is also a member of the public works commission, and in the absence of P. H. Shelton, is acting chairman of that body. Previous to the appointment of the commission, Mr. Ward was civil service commissioner for a number of years.

Use Miller's Worm Powders and the battle against worms is won. These powders correct the morbid conditions of the stomach which nourish worms and their eggs. The parasites cannot exist after they come in contact with the powder. In a word, internal worms are speedily evacuated with other refuse from the bowels. Soundness is imparted to the organs and the health of the child steadily improves.

Saskatchewan Pool Elevators

Handled 87 Per Cent. Of All Pool Grains Delivered In Province

During the present crop year Saskatchewan Pool Elevators Limited have handled 87.2 per cent of the pool grain delivered in the province, according to an official report. This is the highest percentage that any organization has handled in any crop year to date.

Red Clover Seed Record

The production of red clover seed in Canada, in 1929, was the largest in the past quarter of a century. One of the most important legume crops red clover for successful growing depends on hardy acclimatized seed. Special attention is being paid by the Seed Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture to the growing of registered red clover seed.

The Terror Of Asthma comes like a thief in the night with its dreadful throttling, robbing its victim of breath. It seems beyond the power of human aid to relieve until one tries a medicine of such remarkable preparation. Dr. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This little country he had been in by Sir William Lister. British automobile executive in an interview given at Toronto. He had visited the United States and the countries of Europe and had found Canada in what he believed to be healthier and saner condition than any of the others.

Canada Sound Financially Canada was described as the most stable of the English speaking countries by Sir William Lister. British automobile executive in an interview given at Toronto. He had visited the United States and the countries of Europe and had found Canada in what he believed to be healthier and saner condition than any of the others.

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Weather Service For Flies

Conditions Made Much Safer For Adventurous Air Explorers

The non-stop 'planes which may leave Europe to try the hitherto almost certain eastward flight across the North Atlantic, have a new aid. This is new weather service, started in May, 1930, that plans the first complete ocean forecasting. In its files are pictures that explain better than words, why but one west-bound non-stop 'plane has crossed the North Atlantic, while eight have made it in the other direction.

For illustration, one of these pictures, the weather map of the North Atlantic, on November 25 last, made during preliminary organization. The lines that mark the course of the winds trace a vast shape, that looks like a devil fish filling the ocean floor.

Its eyes are two whirling cyclones set one-third the distance out from each shore. Its tentacles swing southwards into the teeth of the winds nearly to Greenland. On the iting which swallowed the westbound air from the coast of France, Nungesser, to Princess Lowenstein-Wertheim, and the Hon. E. A. Mackay, is apparent. It is a steady rush of air toward Europe.

Though from locality to locality, its direction changes, yet its average velocity is toward the west. The west-bound 'plane, with a range from 10 miles an hour up to raging gales. It flows like the Gulf Stream, and the Gulf Stream, though immensely wider, and subject to swings of nearly 1,000 miles. Westbound 'planes southwards into the teeth of the winds, were cut down 10 miles an hour, and often far more. These figures must be multiplied by two to obtain the actual damage.

The effect gives the westbound flier a fair view of ocean to cross, as the American coastline were pushed back nearly to Chicago. The new ocean forecasting can warn of tempests that sometimes develop during even during the few hours a crossing 'plane takes.

The resulting charts are made by Dr. James Kimball, of the New York weather bureau. For 15 years, he has worked voluntarily extra hours in ocean and in the air. He is now, at Washington, made two trips to Europe, in getting the work started.

Alberta Gas Fields

Three Hundred Million Cubic Feet Found Daily, Being Burned

In the Air Oil and gas wells drilled in Alberta fields have combined gas capacity of approximately 300,000,000 cubic feet daily. This figure includes wells which have been capped. This figure is made up as follows: Turner Valley: 300,000,000 cubic feet wasted daily, burned in the air. From 100,000 to 200,000,000 cubic feet used daily.

Rogers' Imperial Well: This capped well is believed capable of producing 60,000,000 cubic feet daily. Burditt and Bow Island: This field, with 19 wells capped, is believed capable of producing between 50,000,000 and 60,000,000 cubic feet daily.

Medicine Hat Field: This field produces 4,000,000 cubic feet daily, practically all of which is used.

Viking field, near Edmonton: This field has a capacity of 75,000,000 cubic feet daily. There are 21 wells. Kinross field: This field has a capacity of about 30,000,000 cubic feet daily.

Wainwright, Rhinestone and other small gas fields throughout the province have a combined capacity of about 25,000,000 cubic feet daily.

Keep your stock free from blemish with English Epsom salt. It removes itchy eruptions, quickly relieves bruises, sprains, strains, swellings, contraction of cords, stiffness of joints, and sore muscles.

Books Can Be Decorative

The decorative use of books is greatly overestimated in many homes. Books, aside from being a concrete evidence of alert mental life going on in a home, can be capitalized into becoming an important part of an interior decorating plan. If you have much space, walls of low book shelves are extremely satisfactory, to balance a fireplace or an overstuffed davenport, table and lamp unit.

The first sheet of paper is stated to have been made from the bark of a mulberry tree in the year 76.

Mexico's metal production is increasing.

Alluring Advertising

Poster Issued By Light Dragons In 1801 Made Attractive Reading

Have the military authorities lost the art of attractive advertisement. People think that the twentieth century is much superior to the nineteenth so far as advertising is concerned, but there are no modern recruiting posters that can compare with a notice issued on behalf of the Light Dragons in 1801, and which was referred to by the Secretary of State for War recently. "It may be mounted," this notice informed potential recruits, "on the finest horses in the world, with superb clothing and the richest accoutrements. . . your society is courted; you are desired by the fair; it went on to hold out the alluring prospect of marriage with a "buxom widow" or "a rich heiress," which rendered the Light Dragon's situation "truly enviable and desirable."

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

SUMMER SALAD COMBINATIONS

Here are a couple of simple recipes for summer salads, that should come in handy at this time. Liberal servings of such salads will enable you to eat out of the heavy foods, and thus put yourself in better position to stand the heat of summer.

One of Delight: Arrange three or four large orange sections around edge of a lettuce cup made by cutting a small cup of lettuce, and scoop center from one half. Fill center of cup with stoned cherries. Serve with mayonnaise or boiled dressing.

Orange and Strawberry: For each serving use one slice pineapple, quartered; and three or four orange slices, halved. Garnish with four large, ripe, unbulled strawberries. Top with a marshmallow fluff.

A DELICACY WITH FRESH BERRIES

1 package vanilla junket.
1 pint milk.
Strawberries.
Powdered sugar.

Make junket according to directions on package. When ready to serve, dust berries with powdered sugar and fill up the glasses.

Fruits like oranges, pineapple and strawberries should not be put into the milk when making junket, as the fruit causes it to whey. Crushed and sweetened, these fruits make tasty toppings.

Blackberries or raspberries may be put into the dessert, also canned or preserved berries, peaches or other fruits.

Minard's Liniment gives quick relief.

Rivals Roy's Pocket

Handbags carried by women are beginning to rival the small boy's pocket for variety of contents. One bag examined recently contained a handkerchief, a bundle of letters, diary, mirror, comb, purse, note-case, stocking-mending outfit, cigarette case, lighter, powder-case, lipstick, keys, patterns of cloth and a shoe-lace.

Handbags carried by women are beginning to rival the small boy's pocket for variety of contents. One bag examined recently contained a handkerchief, a bundle of letters, diary, mirror, comb, purse, note-case, stocking-mending outfit, cigarette case, lighter, powder-case, lipstick, keys, patterns of cloth and a shoe-lace.

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The Borden Co., Limited
140 St. Paul, Montreal
Send me Baby Books—Free

NAME _____
ADDRESS _____

Ceremonies Were Simple
Memorable Photo In Iceland Opened By King Christian.

Christian, King of Iceland, on June 28, opened the 1880 session of the Icelandic Parliament, halting at the very spot where one thousand years ago this oldest parliament in the world first was convened.

King Christian stood upon a huge rock in the middle of the plain of Thingval, where Grim Gort-beard, the law-giver, in ancient days, related from memory the entire code of Icelandic law.

The ceremonies were simple as of old, so simple as to obtain an almost religious aspect.

The broad plain, bounded on the south by a great lake, on the north by rugged snow-capped mountains, on the east and west by two great fissures of volcanic formation cut before the dawn of history, was dotted with many thousands of people who had come from far corners of the earth.

Newest Novelty In Paris

Tea Tables Are Now Covered With Map-Cloths

The French need no longer be identified as a race which doesn't know its geography. The newest novelties are map-cloths to cover the tea table. On them are maps embossed in colors. You can sip tea over Ireland and the Isle of Man, or over the British States, with all the rivers and mountains named. These novel tea-cloths are in parchment shade which makes them look like leaves out of a real atlas.

"I have nothing but praise for the sermon," said the Scotchman. And he proved it.

For Blotchers and Boils—Minard's Liniment

The word "budget" is an old English word meaning a leather wallet or purse.

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Cut Down Food Wastage

--- by covering all perishable goods with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. Para-Sani maintains food items will keep them fresh until you are ready to use them.

You'll find the Para-Sani sanitary knife-cut carton handy. Or use "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form for less exacting uses. At grocers, druggists, stationers,

Appelhof Paper Products

Western Representatives:

HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

Empire News Service System Will Result From Press Conference

Montreal.—An Empire news exchange system based on the method of operation of the Canadian Press in Canada, will be the most tangible result of the British Empire Press Union Conference held recently in London and Edinburgh, according to four members of the Canadian delegation arriving here.

John W. Dafe, editor-in-chief, Manitoba Free Press; Victor Sifton, managing director, Regina Leader-Post; B. Nicholas, managing director, Victoria, B.C. Times, and E. Royal Sayles, of the Renfrew, Ont., Mercury, led the return of the Canadian delegation, which consisted of 24, the balance having stayed in England, to return here.

Interviewed in a group on the deck of the liner, the Canadian newspapermen spoke briefly of the conference. The Canadian delegation, they said, brought up the question of Empire news within the Empire, and the outcome of the conference which followed was that endorsement by the conference of the principle of co-operative exchange of this news between the dominions and the rest of the world by a method similar to the Canadian Press in Canada. Each dominion will contribute its quota of news to a central clearing house, probably in London, whence it is to be sent to its destinations, the whole scheme to be operated absolutely independent of any government subsidy. Details have yet to be worked out, these dominions which have not the machinery already in operation.

During their visit in Great Britain the Canadian newspapermen and their wives were received at Buckingham Palace by the king and queen, and toured industrial centres between sessions of the conference.

Valuable Discovery

Flin Flin Lake Bed Said To Be Rich With Gold

The Psa, Man.—Copper mineralization carrying high values of gold has been found on the bed of Flin Flin Lake, recently dated according to a statement issued by R. E. Phelan, vice-president of the Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting Company. Extensive tests of the mineralization, it is known, it is stated, but exploration work is going ahead.

No definite date has been set for start of production at the mine, it was announced.

Sailors Leave For England

Montreal, Que.—On their way to England to take over the two new destroyers, H.M.S. Skeena and H.M.S. Saguenay, shortly to be commissioned by the Canadian navy, 45 naval ratings in the charge of Chief Petty Officer Aveson, called for Southampton, on the Canadian Pacific liner "Metagama". Others, all from the western base at Esquimau, B.C., are to leave in the near future.

Win Championship

Winnipeg, Man.—Canadian National Railways No. 1 revolver team, Winnipeg, has been advised of winning the Dominion of Canada open championship, thus capturing the Dominion Cartridge Company Cup. This team, of which R. C. Pickrel is captain, made a total of 414, as against their contestants, the R.C.M.P., Lethbridge, who scored 339 points.

Report States Crop Season Is Backward Throughout Dominion

Ottawa, Ont.—Generally throughout Canada the crop conditions are backward, and in many of the important agricultural regions moisture has been limiting both crops and growth. According to the weekly crop report issued by the bureau of statistics, conditions have changed slightly for the better in the prairie, but the soaking rains will be needed in July. However, there is still a strong tendency for rainfall to heighten the advantages of crops in Manitoba and the park belt, which have been most favored throughout June, while the specialized wheat-production regions in Central Saskatchewan and Southern Alberta are not receiving enough moisture to enable them to recover from previous damage by drought and wind and cutworms.

Moisture is needed at present to aid the winter wheat. Cutworm damage

Saskatchewan's Coal Production Higher

But All Canadian Output This Year Shows Decrease

Ottawa, Ont.—Coal mined in Canada during the first quarter of 1930 amounted to 3,971,808 tons, a decrease of 14 per cent. from the output of 4,622,728 tons for the first three months in 1929. Compared with the first quarter five-year average, there was a decrease of approximately two per cent. during the period under review. Bituminous coal produced during January, February and March, totaled 3,794,147 tons, sub-bituminous 162,612 tons, and lignite 1,105,049 tons. Saskatchewan was the only province to record an increase in output over the first quarter of last year. Figures were published at the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Alberta's output of 1,639,224 tons was 41 per cent. of the total Canadian production and recorded a decrease of 9.5 per cent. from the first quarter five-year average. Nova Scotia's total of 1,513,415 tons and Saskatchewan's total of 174,013 tons were respectively, 11 per cent. and 17 per cent. higher than the quarterly five-year average. Saskatchewan's increase produced 551,850 tons, a decrease of 14 per cent. from the 1929 first-quarter average. Nova Scotia's output was slightly higher than the five-year average.

Canadians Given U.S. Citizenship

District Court Of Appeal Reverses Decision Of Lower Court

New York.—Donald Cyril MacIntosh, teacher professor at Yale and Marie Averill Blund, Canadian world war nurse, both of whom were taken to the oath to bear arms in defense of the United States, were a reversal in the U.S. district court of appeal of the decision of the lower courts which denied them citizenship. Dr. MacIntosh, applying for citizenship in Connecticut, refused to make the oath because, he said, he would not bear arms if he believed the war was for an unjust cause. Miss Blund, who cared for shell-shocked soldiers in France, declared that under no circumstances would she bear arms in any war. She said she could not do so because she did not believe it would be consistent with her Christian faith. Miss Blund, the daughter of a Canadian Episcopal clergyman, now lives in New York.

New Liquor Board Ruling

Soldiers' Clubs In British Columbia May Sell Beer

Victoria, B.C.—Sale of beer by the Soldiers' Clubs, the most important feature of the liquor legislation passed by the government in the handling of the liquor situation since the inauguration of beer by the place in licensed premises will commence almost immediately. An order-in-council passed by the cabinet formally allows the liquor board to license Soldiers' Clubs to sell beer under the Liquor Act amendments passed by the legislature in March.

Diamond Jubilee Celebration

Great Interest Shown In Event To Be Held In Manitoba on July 15

Winnipeg, Man.—One of the most interesting features of the Diamond Jubilee celebrations to be held throughout Manitoba on July 15, will be the social reunions among the early settlers. There will be general recognition of the fact that this province would never have amounted to much if it had not been for the efforts of the men and women who came first. Appropriately enough these men and women, or at least those of them who are taking part in the celebrations, will "come first" in public esteem. They will be honored according to their merit, which means that everyone will be a witness to their achievements.

Some of the towns and villages are making a feature of the "come-first" idea, and there is much to be said for that phase of the demonstration. If all the Manitoba people who left to make their homes in other parts of the world were to come back for the "doings" on July 15, a new and brighter chapter in the history of the province would be written. Many as do come back will answer enthusiasm of a special sort. Manitoba men and women carry with them wherever they go the distinct stamp of their satisfactory experiences in the province, and welcome back will indicate more than the usual flavor of that western hospitality which is a theme for poets and writers. In addition to the rejoicing over the jubilee advancement there will be the whole-souled gratification at meeting one another who were largely responsible for that advancement.

It is a most question whether the men and women of today have the same "stiff" that was apparent in the pioneers. A well-known western politician whose name is almost a household word in thousands of homes on the prairies, uses an intense brand of emphasis—his long suit—in declaring that this age is soft and spoiled. He points out how many of the long howlers of the struggles of the early settlers, and there is no doubt that he knows what he is talking about, for he was one of them. The debate will not be decided this year; discussion is likely to be taken up in all the "discussions" run out of material. A diplomatic judgment on the matter would admit that there was a great deal to be said on both sides. The men and women of the 60's and 70's—the real pioneers—undoubtedly faced and overcame great hardships. Their resources, except in determination and intelligent application, were few, while their difficulties and disappointments were numerous. Their spirit carried them through and helped them to establish a new civilization on the banks of the Red River.

Airmen Honor Comrade

Many Attend Funeral Of Major John H. Toronto, Ont.—Prominent Canadian airman with whom he had been associated in war and peace, attending the funeral here of Major John O. Leach, assistant director of the Ontario Air Service, who was killed when his plane crashed at Fort Arthur, Ont., and from the Port Arthur branch of the Canadian Legion.

Pool Bill Defeated

Canberra, Australia.—The senate of the Commonwealth rejected by 15 votes to 12 the bill which would establish a compulsory wheat pool in an endeavor to stabilize the position of the wheat industry in this country.

New Canadian National Steamer

Above is shown S.S. Prince Henry, the latest acquisition to the Canadian National fleet on the Pacific Coast. S.S. Prince Henry, which has arrived at Vancouver, is a tribute to the shipbuilding art of British yards. The vessel is 384 feet in length and fitted in the most modern way. She is a passenger ship for the Pacific Coast, and is a ultra modern with rooms for 334 first class and 70 second class passengers. The vessel will have a Board of Trade license to carry 1500 day passengers. S.S. Prince Henry is the first of three new ships which will start service this summer. She will ply between Vancouver and Skagway during the summer months, while her sister ships S.S. Prince Robert and S.S. Prince David will inaugurate a tri-city run between Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONER



Mrs. F. B. Reilly, who has been appointed to the Saskatchewan Civil Service Commission, is the first woman in Canada to hold such a position. Mrs. Reilly has taken an active part in western public affairs for many years.

Dates For Musical Festivals Next Year

So Arranged That Same Judges Will Officiate At Each

Edmonton, Alberta.—Dates for musical festivals in the west in 1931 were arranged at the annual conference of the Western Canada Musical Festival Association, held in Edmonton. Delegates were present from all parts of western Canada. George Mathison, of Winnipeg, presided.

Dates for the 1931 festivals are: Manitoba, at Winnipeg, April 20 to May 2; Alberta, May 6 to May 10; Saskatchewan, May 12 to May 16; and Saskatchewan, May 12 to May 16.

These dates have been arranged to allow the same judges to officiate at each of the festivals. Adjudicators appointed were: H. S. Robertson, of Glasgow, Herbert Bonville and H. Plunkett-Green, of London.

Find Radium-Bearing Ores

Impossible To Estimate Extent Of Deposits In Manitoba

Winnipeg, Man.—Discovery of radium-bearing ores in the area east of Lac Du Bonnet is stated to have been made by employees of the Winnipeg River Tin Company. R. T. Packard, president of the firm, states that uranium has been traced for more than 100 feet in feldspar and that examinations have proved the product strongly radioactive. Owing to irregular nature of the deposits, he says, it is impossible to estimate the extent of the deposits.

Kingsford-Smith Honored

Given Bank Of Wing Commander By Australian Government

Canberra, Australia.—An announcement has been made in the House of Representatives that Squadron Leader Kingsford-Smith had been promoted to the rank of wing commander in recognition of his westward trans-Atlantic flight.

Wentworth, Sculling said that the government was anxious to give him some greater honor to mark his achievement, that the conferring of titles claimed with Labor policies.

Discusses Indian Situation

London, Eng.—Leaders of all British political parties conferred recently on the situation in India. It is understood they were mainly concerned with preliminary arrangements for the Indian Conference, in London, next October. No statement was issued.

World Endurance Flight Ends After Grind Of 23 Days In The Air

U.S. House Approves Unified Border Patrol

Measure Passed By Large Majority Over To Senate

Washington, D.C.—Overriding stubborn opposition from Great Lakes states representatives, the House approved another law enforcement measure of President Hoover in passing a bill creating a unified border patrol. The vote was 181 to 56.

The measure now goes to the senate, where it is doubtful if favorable action can be secured at this session. It is designed to prevent smuggling of aliens, liquor and merchandise by making entry illegal except at points to be designated by the president.

Under another amendment the civil service status of the 1,500 men in the existing patrols would not be lost in the new organization, which it is to be increased to 2,500.

The belief that the border patrol bill was sponsored by the Anti-saloon league was expressed by Representative Mead, Democratic, New York, in an attack on the measure.

He said that passage of the bill meant an "additional army of a thousand armed men" and said residents on the border had appealed to the president against "murders" by border patrolmen.

The New Yorker said the Canadian government had told the state department that shooting across the border by patrolmen must stop.

New Ruling Is Welcomed

Bonded Grain In United States May Be Held Over For One Year

New York.—The port of New York authorities recently pointed out that "a serious threat to the grain commerce" of the port of New York has been removed by a new administrative provision in the tariff law permitting Canadian grain to remain in transit over one year before exportation.

General cargo was unaffected by port officials and the grain trade over a ruling in November by the commissioner of customs requiring railroads to dispose of all bonded grain in transit within ninety days. Enforcement of this decision, it was felt, would have been ruinous to the grain trade and an accumulation of bonded grain would have been dumped upon a market with no export demand. A committee representing the port, the produce exchange, trunk line railroads, elevator interests and others, protested to Washington and following conferences with treasury officials enforcement of the ruling was held in abeyance pending legislative action.

Train Wreck In Russia

Moscow, Russia.—Twenty-two persons were killed and 28 injured in a train wreck near the city of Leningrad. The accident followed the switching of a passenger train onto the wrong track.

Review Work Of Labor Government In Great Britain

London, Eng.—England's second Labor Government has completed a triple review after one year in office. In that period it has kept parliament working long hours turning out legislation embodied in a wide social program.

Protection of the consumer against profiteering, the removal of certain injustices under the Widows Pensions Act, improvements in the unemployment insurance (dole) scheme, the raising of the school-leaving age to 15 years with the right to continue study on the dole, if employment is not readily obtained—the shortening of the miner's working day, and reorganization of the mining industry, are a few of the domestic issues which have been the target for the Labor Government.

In the international sphere there has been a renewal of diplomatic relations with Russia and the signing of a preliminary trade agreement, ratification of the government's signing of the optional clause with respect to the League of Nations, withdrawal of British troops from the Rhineland, a new agreement on the Anglo-Egyptian problem, the reparations settlement at The Hague, and

Sky Harbor Airport, Chicago.—Twenty-three days from the June afternoon when they roared out of the dust at Sky Harbor—just a couple of hours after the end of the war, unnoticed by anyone but a few mechanics—two Sparts, Ill. farm boys skinned down into that same dust to hear thousands hail them champions.

John and Kenneth Hunter had been in the air for 23 days, one hour, 41 minutes, and even then they were willing to go on, but a cluttered screen first prevented their getting off, and they had to make a hurried landing, touching earth at 5:21:30, Central Standard Time—more than 133 hours longer than the "St. Louis Robin's" previous record.

Their second-hand monoplane still was serviceable when they took the end, and the motor was still striding out the monotone it had kept all through the long days and nights of flying in darkness and light, in fair weather, in wind and rain, but the frequent pouring of oil into the engine had weighed up the record, and when the last contact was made five minutes before the landing, no oil would enter. There was no choice but to come in, and they pulled away from the faithful "Big Ben," the refueling ship piloted by brothers Alvin and Walter, and swung down to the field.

The holiday thousands who packed the grounds back to the ropes, because of the "sturdy" "City of Chicago" whirled to the hangar. Ropes fell before their onrush and police were helpless before them. So dense was the rushing mob that a crowd, at the controls had to do a ground loop to avoid hitting them. He looked up again toward the hangar, with the milling thousands in pursuit. All around the ship they crashed, while observers for the National Aeronautical Association watched their way through to get the photograph.

A rain man managed to shove through the pack and hand a microphone into the plane, where the erstwhile cowboys called out, "Hello, hello—sorry we couldn't have stayed longer."

Kennedy, oil sparrer, unshaven, but smiling, said it was a keen disappointment to have been forced down, but added that it would have been too risky to attempt staying up any longer.

School Board Probe

Vancouver, B.C.—Charges that the city had suffered a loss of \$20,000 through short deliveries of supplies to the school board, and that a coke paid for by the board had been delivered to an employee's home were made at a meeting of the select committee of the city council to investigate the affairs of the school board. Complete details of the charges were given by the select committee charged with benefiting from them.

Ireland has a clean literature drive.

The Bacon Export Market Neglected As Canadian Hog Industry Fails To Expand

Exports of bacon from Canada to Great Britain are no greater today than they were 37 years ago. This means that while our hog industry has not ceased to grow, the growth in the number of hogs produced annually has not been enough to take care of the needs of both export and domestic markets.

The chart on this page will help to make the conditions clear at a glance. The upper line shows the rise and fall of our bacon exports to the British market since 1883. It tells its own story of a rapid rise until 1900, a slight recession then and a rise again to 1904, with then a steady drop until 1914 we were almost back at the 1883 level, which may be taken as the end of the first period. Then followed the enormous wartime increment until 1921, followed by a rapid downward trend until today we are again back at the same level as 1883.

tion of the now vast tourist trade in Canada. If this were properly given weight the per capita figure reported might be considerably diminished. Yet whatever increase has taken place in consumption over the period as a whole it is evident that provision has only been made for one of the two Canadian markets. The vast export possibilities in Great Britain have not been neglected in the full sense of the term, but no strong co-ordinated effort by producers has been made to turn it to proper account. Canadian packers have striven unavailingly for well over a quarter of a century to hold that market, first against the competition of Irish and Danish bacon shippers and, latterly, against Dutch, Swedish, Baltic and Polish competitors. But without hogs no bacon trade can be kept going. And the number of hogs kept on Canadian farms have been

An Empire Service Dukes Of Connaught Advise British Youths To Go To Canada

"There have probably been no greater openings at any time in the world for young men prepared to work than those presented by Canada today," declared the Duke of Connaught formerly governor-general of Canada, in his address at Wellington College, Crowborough, recently. There was an enormous demand for qualified engineers and chemists and if Britain were able to keep up sending a steady stream of trained men to the dominions it would be doing a great Empire service.

Busy New York

In New York City, a child is born every four minutes. Nine million persons scramble daily for subway seats. Fourteen persons are married every day. On the average for a year, 23 new buildings are put up every day and six torn down. New Yorkers and their guests eat 7,000,000 eggs a day. And how the human family loves amusement! There are 800 theatres in New York City.

Planning Sheep Survey Dominion Government Will Make Complete Study Of Western Conditions

An economic survey of sheep ranching in Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia will be undertaken this summer by the Dominion Department of Agriculture. Dr. J. G. Orde, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, has announced. The work will be under the direction of the agricultural economist branch in co-operation with the Dominion experimental farms. Preliminary arrangements for the survey are practically completed and field work will get under way in the near future.

A complete study of conditions in the sheep ranching industry is contemplated. This is the beginning of a programme of research work in agricultural economics on behalf of the livestock industry. It is anticipated that between 150 and 200 sheep ranches will be visited in the three provinces, and at these complete information will be obtained in all phases of operation will be sought. The economic survey will seek to establish facts to the production of sheep ranching as carried on in different regions.

Extraction Of Gasoline From Tar Sands Of Alberta Is Now An Accomplished Fact

Fresh Air For Health

Thousands Of City Men Make Gardens For Exercise As Well As Pleasure

Funny old world, isn't it? Hundreds of thousands of farm boys going to the city to get wealth, with hundreds of thousands of city men digging in little back yards to retain health.

The farm boy wants city life, while the city man finds no greater pleasure nor no better exercise than he gets by turning his city property as nearly into a farm as possible.

He digs that little bare spot back of the garage. He hoos in the soil at the side of the house. He cultivates as much of his back yard as his wife can spare from her wash line, and as he digs and hoos and cultivates he gets the very kind of exercise he most needs. Truly there is health in the backyard, if one but seeks it.

By the utilization of natural gas, gasoline in almost unlimited quantities can be commercially produced from the tar sands in Northern Alberta. Announcement of this discovery was made by Dr. E. H. Boomer, University of Alberta, addressing the National Science Council.

The credit for a new method, which yields light oil suitable for the production of gasoline, goes to Dr. Boomer and Dr. A. K. Clark, also of the university. A semi-commercial plant is now in operation in the field, and results show that Western Canada, at least, shortly will be independent in the production of motor fuel.

Recent work in connection with tar sands has been conducted for several years under grants by the National Science Council, and an extensive study has produced striking results, it was revealed.

By the application of hydrogen, obtained from the enormous quantities of natural gas available in Alberta, Dr. Boomer has hydrogenated the tar sand to produce a light oil that readily cracks to produce gasoline.

Dr. Clark and Dr. Boomer have been working for a considerable period on schemes to make tar sand and natural gas available for commercial consumption in transportation form. The first step in the process was to extract the tar from the tar sands, then by the introduction of natural gas into the combination a method has been found to produce a light oil from which gasoline can readily be manufactured.

Tests made in northern Alberta were stated to be almost inexhaustible, while natural gas, with its important content of hydrogen, is also present in enormous quantities in the province.

The fact that a plant for the production of gasoline has already been set up and has established definite commercial possibilities, is regarded here as a favorite indication that gasoline from products that formerly went to waste is now beyond mere possibility, and promises the foundation of an important industry.

Officials of the National Research Council are enthusiastic as to the possibilities of the new method for tar sand. As Western Canada is concerned, they are agreed that with large plants and large production, gasoline from tar sands would eventually become a competitive factor on the markets of Eastern Canada.

Dr. H. M. Tory, president of the National Research Council, expressed his approval of the discovery made by Dr. Boomer and Dr. Clark. Dr. Tory said that the new method of providing gasoline from tar sands held great promise and pronounced it "the most significant development in this direction in several years."

Considering the fact that semi-commercial production was already a fact, Dr. Tory said it might be expected that pronounced development would occur in a short time. Dr. Tory said that the new method of providing gasoline produced by this means would invade Eastern Canada, but stated that such was not beyond the bounds of early possibility.

Experiments in an endeavor to utilize valuable materials in the tar sands and natural gas of the prairie provinces had been under way for some time, he said, but this was the most significant advance. The discovery had the value of rendering useful two of the most easily obtainable products in that province through their combination.

Bird Sanctuaries

To assist in the protection of the breeding ranges of waterfowl in Western Canada, a number of bird sanctuaries and public shooting grounds have been reserved for a single purpose—protecting marsh and lake habitat—have been reserved. This action in reserving these sanctuaries has been undertaken as a responsibility under the Migratory Bird Treaty with the United States.

Nile green organdie, pale blue linen and tub silk in sprigged pattern in pink tones are daring combinations. Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address: Pattern Department.

Not Cold In Alaska

Average Low Temperature Two Degrees Higher Than In New York

The lowest temperature recorded at Sitka, Alaska, during the past one hundred years is four degrees below zero. The lowest recorded in New York is six below.

Weather bureau records for 1927 advise that there were only ten days during the winter when the temperature at Sitka registered more than 32 degrees—while the lowest temperature for the year was 12 degrees.

Now, this isn't printed so that our readers will move to Sitka. But it does show that we all need to unlearn something about this section of the world.



Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Fashions

(By Annebelle Worthington.)



A daffodil yellow and white printed dainty with crisp white organdie capelet collar and yellow organdie ribbon tie, that is very very French. The full-gathered skirt emphasizes the normal waistline of the little basque bodice. The seapooled hem of skirt may be pick-stitched or finished with bias binding.

Style No. 3376 comes in sizes 2, 4 and 6 years. It takes but 1 1/2 yards of 35-inch material with 1/2 yard of 20-inch contrasting and 1 1/2 yards of 2 1/2-inch ribbon for the 4-year old.

For parties it is adorable made of pink tulle. Bind scallops of collar and skirt with bias fold of the tulle. Choose turquoise blue grain ribbon for tie.

And white gingham check is very quaint and pretty with white pleated collar.

Nile green organdie, pale blue linen and tub silk in sprigged pattern in pink tones are daring combinations.

Pattern price 25 cents. Be sure to fill in size of pattern. Address: Pattern Department.

How To Order Patterns

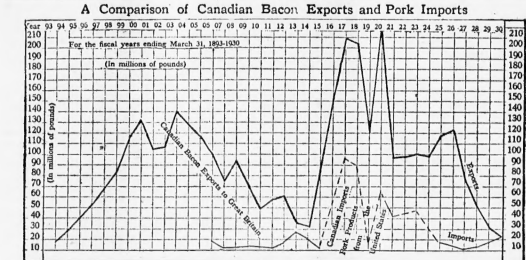
Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 115 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Client: "I hear you paint splendid little pictures?"
Artist: "Yes."
Client: "I want a group of my wife, my mother-in-law, my two sisters-in-law and myself."—Gutteries, Madrid



We are back at that stage—but worse. For now our exports about 20 million pounds in 1929, are almost exactly balanced by our imports from the United States. This is seen from the lower line showing our imports since 1909.

That balance means that Canadian hog growers are producing just enough for the home market, with no margin whatever for an export trade. In general, it may be said that the American imports are not reported. They are absorbed into the domestic trade, filling a gap that would otherwise be left in the home supplies by the absorption of the Canadian selects and bacons used in our export Wilshire trade. To a less degree we seem to have developed the same trend as in Ireland, where the better grades of bacon are shipped to England and American bacon is imported for the domestic table.

In 1903, the year in which the chart records begin, Canada had a population of about five million people. The number of hogs then reported on farms was 1,734,000. In 1929, when our population was about ten million, our hog numbers on farms were set down as 4,382,000. That is a ratio of about 34 hogs to every hundred people in 1893, and of 43 hogs today. Forty years ago, hogs were heavier than they are today, but the litter is probably larger today and marketing is done much earlier, that is, the turnover of livestock is faster, so that the total amount of pork produced may not be greatly different for the two periods. The per capita consumption in Canada, so far as the available records go, seems to have increased. An estimate of the Bureau of Statistics set the pre-war average at 60 pounds per person. In 1928 the per capita consumption of all pork was estimated to be 82 pounds—a figure arrived at by dividing the total production less net export by the total permanent population. This does not seem to take into account the highly important temporary popula-

insufficient to supply more than one market.

The British market in bacon is most vital to the Canadian hog producer both with regard to actual size and in its trend. For the last three years the British importations have been: 1927, 948,528,000 pounds; 1928, 990,000,000 pounds; 1929, 927,584,000 pounds. Canada supplied in 1927, 56,285,000 pounds, or 6 per cent; in 1928, 34,384,000 pounds, or 3 1/2 per cent; and in 1929, 22,288,000 pounds, or 2 1/2 per cent of the total. This year it is expected that our supply will drop below 2 per cent, or be not almost wiped out.

So much for the size; what of the trend? Take only after-war conditions. In 1921 the total British imports of bacon were 696 million pounds. They went up by leaps and bounds each year until in 1923 they were 1,000 million, or a billion pounds—an increase in the eight years of over 55 per cent. In that period the Canadian share of the total trade had slipped back from 14 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent.

It is noteworthy that though there has been a decline in the lower priced qualities of bacon from Russia, Poland, and the Baltic, with frozen pork from New Zealand and Argentina, the main increase in the British trade has been in the higher priced qualities of Wilshire from Denmark, Sweden and Holland, the first two running a little above Canadian and the Dutch a little below. Looked at from the national income point of view the loss to Canada of this great trade is important. The British consuming public has year by year paid out, in wholesale prices, enormous sums for imported bacon, of which Canada's share is but a below the possibilities of production.

Protective Charms

Collection On Exhibition In London, England, Is Extraordinary

An extraordinary array of charms for curing illnesses has been collected by Mr. E. Lovett, of the Folk Lore Society, and exhibited at the National Museum. Among them is the skin of a cat brought to London by a Belgian refugee as a safeguard against catching cold. Potatoes, which carried in the pocket are supposed to ward off rheumatism, and strings of lucky beads worn by children during the war to protect them against air-raids, are also features of the exhibition. One woman who came to look at the exhibition, had two acorns hung at the end of her ribbon. Whenever she had a pain, she explained, she would tie the ribbon so that the acorns lay against the parts affected.

It is estimated that one out of every 34 automobiles in the United States has had an accident at some time during the year.

Street Accidents In London

Records Show Three Persons Killed and 127 Injured Daily For First Three Months

Official papers show that on each day for the first quarter of this year three persons were killed and 127 injured—in London, England, alone. Last year's total of killed and injured in London, were 2,383 and 56,321. For the whole of Great Britain there were 6,096 killed and 190,817 injured. During the two and a half years of the South African war the total British loss in killed was 5,774. In the same period, on the figures given above, Great Britain may expect to lose 16,740 lives in street accidents.

A Boy's Makeup

Just what little boys are made of has been answered by Sir Arthur Young, secretary of the National Y.M.C.A. Council. The makeup is: Mischievous, 10 per cent; pride, 5 per cent; courage, 10 per cent; love of truth, 10 per cent; fear of white others may think, 10 per cent; selfishness, self-will, and self-indulgence, 25 per cent; push and go, 25 per cent.

New Classification For Corn Exhibits

Five Groups Instead Of Four As Announced For Grain Show

The executive of the World's Grain Exhibition is recommending that conventions of other bodies to be held about the same dates in 1932, should arrange in advance so that there will be no conflict and as little congestion as possible.

L. H. Newman, Dominion cerealist, reported on a new classification for corn exhibits which recognizes five distinct groups instead of four as formerly as follows: Dent varieties requiring less than 110 days to mature, varieties requiring more than 110 days but less than 130 days to mature, and varieties requiring more than 130 days to mature; and Flint varieties requiring less than 110 days to mature. Total prize money remains unaltered, namely \$10,000 for all classes.

Civilization To Blame

Demand For Rapid Growth Made The Pig Piggish

The pig should worry if a neat civilization becomes self-conscious about him.

He is proud that it was civilization that made him piggish. The agricultural research center at the State College, St. Paul, Minn., stands ready to testify that the reason the hog "hogs" his food—five times as much as ordinarily would be necessary for him—is that the demands of civilized man, his keeper, for rapid growth in the porcine carcasses are the cause of his overgrown appetite.

E. F. Fortin, swine specialist, says that in their natural state hogs grow at only about one-fifth the rate maintained by good wine raisers.

The Indian Government has curbed the railways for government railways.

A pedestrian is a man whose son is home from college.

Prince and President



This photograph, sent by radio from Clydebank to this continent, shows His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, accompanied by E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, inspecting the mighty "Empress of Britain," one of Canada's liners, just before she was launched. This 42,000-ton vessel, largest steamship in intra-Europe trade will be placed in service between Quebec, Cherbourg and Southampton in the early summer of 1931.

"Mummy, what is that?"
"A scare-crow!"
"That is the first time I have seen one undressed!"—Wahre Jakob, Berlin.

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Thursday, Aug 21, 1930

Miss Phyllis Tarr is visiting relatives at Albany, Sask.

Notice—After this date the lobby of the Post Office will be closed at 11 p.m. sharp.

Since Saturday there has been .95 in of rainfall.

Wednesday half - holidays have now been discontinued.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stoney and children, arrived home from Kenora on Saturday.

The I.O.D.E. Hospital sewing afternoon, will be held at the home of Mrs. N. D. Storey, Tuesday, August 26.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Schfield entertained the former's parents, the first of the week. Miss Schfield, who accompanied them, is visiting here.

Just before going to press we are advised by film company they are unable to show film, "The Desert Rider." The film now showing is "Shadows of the Night."

A branch of the Bank of Montreal, Calgary, was held up by two bandits at noon on Wednesday. The bandits made their escape in a Pontiac car.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Astor, returned home the first of the week from a holiday vacation. Their niece and nephew accompanied them on their return.

Monday was hot and sultry, the atmosphere being very heavy and moisture laden. Near 4 p.m. in the afternoon heavy rainfall commenced. This rain was spotty and not general in the country.

Mrs. D. MacInnes and daughter, Gloria, returned on Friday from an extended visit with the former's mother and relatives at Spokane.

Migratory Birds—cont.

Wilson's Snipe 15, and not more than 150 in a season

ALBERTA

Ducks—30 in one day and not more than 200 of all kinds in a season. Geese: 15; Gulls: 25; Wilson's Snipe 25.

Guns and Appliances

The use of automatic (auto loading), sawed or machine guns, or battery, or any gun larger than number 10 gauge is prohibited, and the use of any aeroplane, power boat, sail boat or night light, and shooting from any horse drawn or motor vehicle is forbidden.

The shooting of migratory game birds earlier than one hour before sunrise and later

than one hour after sunset is prohibited.

Penalty

Every person who violates any provision of this Act or any Regulation shall, for each offence, be liable upon summary conviction to a fine of not more than three hundred dollars and not less than ten dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both fine and imprisonment.

R.M. of Mantario

(cont. from last week)

Batty—That the Government employment office be advised that harvest will be general in about ten days and that wages offered for stocking will be \$3 per day; arrangements are being made to phone in all orders for men sent to the municipal office, but the requirements can be met largely by local help.

Hawtin—That the Secretary write the M.D. of Acadia re Empress bridge road.

Dahl—That the tax rate be 7 1/2 mills general and 1 1/2 mill for Sanatorium.

Hawtin—That whereas at the 25th annual convention of the Union of Saskatchewan Municipalities a resolution was passed which seeks to impose upon the Rural Municipalities a greater share of the cost of treatment of water is under the Sanatorium Act, and whereas the present proportion of 60 p.c. and 40 p.c. still greatly discriminates against rural municipalities, particularly in view of the smaller number of rural patients compared to urban patients, therefore the Council instruct the Secretary to write the Minister of Public Health and E. S. Whitley, M.L.A., protesting against any alteration of the present proportion of cost in the above act that would increase the proportion already borne by the rural municipalities.

Dahl—Notice of abandonment of the land having been produced, proving that same was only held a month or so before it was flooded, that the arrears of taxes be cancelled against the N.E. and S.E. 23, 27-27 w.3.

Dahl—That the secretary get all information possible in regard to the Municipal Hall Insurance for the September meeting, and if the Council favor same, that the question of the municipality joining the association be put before the ratepayers at the next election.

Batty—That the Debenture payment due Sept. 1st, \$372.00, be paid.

Kinch—That the following accounts for supervision be paid:

F. Montgomery, Div. 1, 4 days, 167 miles, 41.95
T. G. Richards, Div. 5, 5 1/2 days, 108 miles, 37.20

K. Kinch, Div. 1, 5 days, 49 miles, 23.35

H. Austrum, general, 1 1/2 days, 114 miles, 23.30

C. E. Sargent, inspecting govt. grant work, 4 day, 36 miles, 6.40
Total 131.30

Batty—That the Department of Highways be requested to give a grant on the highway between the meridian and the Empress bridge road as soon as an estimate of the cost of construction can be obtained from the M.D. of Acadia.

Dahl—That the cook be rented to J. Batty for thrashing at 75c per day, the license to letch it and return it.

An Item—That we now adjourn to meet again on Monday, Sept. 1st, at the Orange Hall, Outhbert, at the usual hour.

C. Evans Sargent, Sec.-Treas.

Wheat! What is it?

There are thousands of people buying wheat wrote an economist recently, who could not even tell a field of wheat from a field of any other grain.

With a view to dispelling some of this ignorance of Western Canada's primary product we commend the following, which has been gleaned from a recent issue of a financial publication. The information should be of interest at least to some of the thousands of people above referred to.

Wheat, it appears, is a seed that is grown to keep the producer broke and the buyer crazy. It is planted in the spring, mortgaged in the summer, and lost in the fall. Its quality varies according to the amount of rain or frost experienced during the growing season. A man who can guess nearest to this quality is called a wheat grader by the public and a fool by the farmer.

The price of wheat is determined at primary markets and goes down when one has bought and up when one has sold. All of which reminds us of the story of the buyer working for a group of millers, who came West to watch the wheat market. After a few days he wired his principals to this effect: "Some think it will come down, and some think it will go up. I think so too. Whatever you do will be wrong. Act at once."—Ex.

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Province of Alberta

Registration of Threshing Machines, Sec. 2, Chap. 183, R.S.A. 1922.

Owners or operators of Threshing Machines, including Combines, are required to register same before the commencement of harvesting operations.

by sending Postal Note for License, \$1.00 for each machine, with particulars of name and address of owner or operator to

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE EDMONTON, ALBERTA

MURRAY The Baker

DOMINION CAFE FIRST CLASS MEALS Good Rooms

Always a Full Stock Carried Candles, Cigars, Cigarettes ICE CREAM & SUNDAES Dance and after theatre lunches A Place of City Style.

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Specials for Cash

Men's Overall Combinations in Blue and Khaki Denim. G.W.G. and other brands, at a saving of regular price of 15 p.c.

BOY'S CLOTHING NEEDS

Now is the time to be thinking of the boy's needs for School. We can assure you a saving on BOY'S PANTS in assorted patterns in Tweed and Cotton Worsted, to fit boys 9 to 14 years

Also a range of Boy's Pants in Flannel and Wool Mixture and heavy Cotton Worsted, to fit boys from 7 to 14 years. A real buy at 1.95

For Family Cash Specials go to—

"SANDY'S"

W. R. BRODIE'S STORE NEWS

DILL PICKLES, gallon tins, .75

GOLDEN LOAF CHEESE

Dollar Boxes .90

SQUIRREL

PEANUT BUTTER, 4lb. tins, .80

Pure Cider Vinegar

1.25 gal.

Buy It While In Stock. Going Fast.

W. R. BRODIE

ROYAL CROWN LAUNDRY SOAP, 23 bars

1.00

OXYDOL, large size, 2 pkgs.

.45

GEM JAR RUBBERS, 3 Dozen

.25

JOB PRINTING

Visiting Cards, Business Cards

Letterheads, Statements, Envelopes, Posters, Auction Sale Posters and Commercial Printing.

Give your next order to the local printers.

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

We Have Just Unpacked Our FALL STOCK of

ALUMINUM WARE

Bought direct from the manufacturer and priced for quick sale

10 qt. Preserving Kettle, Filler and ladle, 3 pieces - - - 2.25
Set of Saucepans, 3 pieces, set at 1.25
Dble. Rice Boilers, each - - - 1.00
Coffee Perculators, each - - - 1.00
Tea Kettles, each - - - 2.50
Convex Kettle and Cover, each 1.25

R. A. POOL

CASH SPECIALS

Macaroni, 16 oz., reg. 20c. 3 for 50c.
3 lbs. Honey - - - 50c.
5 lbs. Honey - - - 80c.
10 lbs. Honey - - - 1.50

SPECIALS ON

Harvest Boots, Gloves and Overalls

DON. MacRAE

"SERVICE and SATISFACTION"

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We have the following Machinery that we are Closing Out at real Bargains, while they last, at Empress and Bidloos.

Two-Deck WAGON BOXES, reg. price	\$2.50	Sale	39.00
125 Bus. GRAIN TANKS	"	65.00	" 55.00
125 Bus. L.H.C. GRAIN TANK	"	89.00	" 75.00
34 x 34 HEAVY WAGON	"	142.50	" 110.00
HEAVY LOW WAGON	"	97.50	" 85.00
McCormick Dering BINDER	"	301.00	" 260.00
1928 Model 18-32 TRACTOR	"	800.00	" 560.00
24 foot BOSS HARROW	"	41.00	" 35.00
35 foot BOSS HARROW	"	57.00	" 45.00

Also a Large Stock of Header and Binder Repairs on hand PHONE 58

The Empress Lumber Yards

J. N. Anderson, proprietor